

AI

Circle the correct answer.

BHAGAVAD-GITA TEST - Chapter 1

100

12 bonus

pts.

2

1. What does Bhagavad-gita mean?

- a. a new tape
- b. a name for a devotee
- c. Song of God

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2. We chant the Mangalacarana prayers in the beginning of Bhagavad-gita to:

- a. beg forgiveness
- b. offer respects to the Vaisnavas
- c. to get a good grade

2

3. Finish this verse: om ajnana-timirandhasya jnananjana-salakaya

- a. svayam rupah kada mahyam dadati sva-padantikam
- b. vrsabhanu-sute devi pranamami hari-priye
- c. caksur unmilitam yena tasmai sri-gurave namah

2

4. Finish this verse: vancha-kalpatarubhyas ca krpa-sindhubhya eva ca

- a. sri-advaita gadadhara srivasadi-gaura-bhakta-vrnda
- b. gopesa gopika-kanta radha-kanta namo 'stu te
- c. patitanam pavanebhyo vaisnavebhyo namo namah

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5. What does the Hare Kṛṣṇa mantra mean?

- a. Please, Kṛṣṇa, give me strength.
- b. Please, Kṛṣṇa, let me live a long time.
- c. Dear Kṛṣṇa, please engage me in your loving service.

2

6. Kṛṣṇa means:

- a. all attractive
- b. very nice
- c. very strong

2 7. Who is Kṛṣṇa?

- The Supreme Personality of Godhead
- Balarama's uncle
- Subhadra's son

2 8. What does evam parampara praptam imamrajarsayo viduh mean?

- This is the king of all knowledge.
- King Viduh is a rajarsi.
- This Bhagavad-gita As It Is is received through disciplic succession.

2 9. What is the sanskrit word for disciplic succession?

- Veda
- parampara
- guru

2 10. What does disciplic succession mean?

- to line up in order
- to have many disciples and gurus
- to hand spiritual knowledge down from guru to disciple in an unbroken chain

2 11. What is a spiritual master?

- someone who chants alot of mantras
- one who gives us spiritual knowledge about Kṛṣṇa.
- someone who sits in yoga postures

2 12. Who is the founder and spiritual master for the Hare Kṛṣṇa movement?

- Sai Baba
- Śrila Bhaktisiddhanta
- Śrila Prabhupada

2 13. Who is speaking the Bhagavad-gita?

- Kṛṣṇa to Arjuna
- Kṛṣṇa to Balarama
- Dhrtarastra to Sanjaya

2 14. Where was the Bhagavad-gita spoken?

- a. at the Ganges River
- b. Battlefield of Kuruksetra
- c. at the Yamuna River

2 15. Who were the 5 Pandavas?

- a. Rupa, Sanatana, Śri Jiva, Gopal Bhatta, Raghunath dasa
- b. Dronacarya, Dhrtarastra, Duryodhana, Dushansana, Bhisma
- c. Arjuna, Bhima, Yudhisthira, Nakula, Sahadeva

2 16. Who was fighting against the Pandavas?

- a. Raksasas
- b. Kurus
- c. Kamsa

2 17. Who was the blind king of the Kurus?

- a. Dronacarya
- b. Sanjaya
- c. Dhrtarastra

2 18. Who was telling this king what was going on on the battlefield?

- a. Duryodhana
- b. Bhisma
- c. Sanjaya

2 19. How many sons did this king have?

- a. 99
- b. 100
- c. 5

2 20. Who was the king's most evil son?

- a. Dronacarya
- b. Duryodhana
- c. Bhima

2 21. Who was on Arjuna's flag?

- a. Lord Nrsinghadeva
- b. Varaha
- c. Hanuman

2 22. What was the name of Arjuna's bow?

- a. Gandiva
- b. Paundra
- c. Sughosa

2 23. What is the name of Kṛṣṇa's conchshell?

- a. Devadatta
- b. Pancajanya
- c. Manipuspaka

2 24. Who was driving Arjuna's chariot?

- a. Bhima
- b. Kṛṣṇa
- c. Balarama

2 25. Who is the father of the Pandavas?

- a. Drupada
- b. Dhṛtarashtra
- c. Pandu

2 26. Arjuna was a:

- a. brahmin
- b. Ksatriya
- c. brahmacari

2 27. Dronacarya was a:

- a. chariot driver
- b. military teacher
- c. a yoga teacher

- 28. Why were the Pandavas fighting?
 - a. to get Draupadi back
 - b. to get back their kingdom or land
 - c. to see how good their bows and arrows worked

- 29. True or false: Arjuna really wanted to fight this war.
 - T
 - F

- 30. True or false: Duryodhana thought he would lose the war.
 - T
 - F

- 31. True or false: Grandfather Bhishma was a great warrior even though he was very old.
 - T
 - F

- 32. True or false: Grandfather Bhishma was on the Pandavas' side.
 - T
 - F

- 33. What happened when Arjuna saw all of his friends and relatives on the battlefield?
 - a. He was very happy and began to shoot his arrows.
 - b. He was not sure so he went home to think about it.
 - c. He felt compassion for them and the limbs of his body were quivering and he didn't want to fight.

- 34. Arjuna thought he would get a sinful reaction for killing everyone. Sinful reaction means:
 - a. when you do something bad, you get a bad reaction or bad karma
 - b. when you do something good
 - c. when you read a karmi book

- 35. If we satisfy Kṛṣṇa's senses, we are
 - a. not hungry and thirsty
 - b. not tired any more
 - c. satisfied

2 36. Satisfying Kṛṣṇa's senses is like:

- a. having a good time
- b. doing something
- c. watering the roots of the tree

2 37. Who are the 6 aggressors?

- a. one who steals your sweets, takes your shoes, wears your jacket, sleeps in your bed, comes home late and talks behind your back
- b. 6 people who don't follow the regulative principles
- c. one who plunders riches, one who ^{attacks} with deadly weapons, one who steals another's wife, one who gives poison, one who sets fire, one who steals another's land

2 38. What is a saintly person?

- a. someone who commits sins
- b. someone who does austerities
- c. someone who is spiritually advanced and always thinks of Kṛṣṇa

2 39. What are the 4 varnas?

- a. eating, sleeping, mating and defending
- b. birth, death, old age, disease
- c. brahmana, ksatriya, vaisya, sudra

2 40. What does varna mean?

- a. an instrument
- b. occupations or duties
- c. one of the Vedas

4 41. Match the following: (Draw a line to the one that matches.)

brahmana

ksatriya

vaisya

sudra

arms - warriors, kings who rule the land

legs - serves all others

head - preachers, teachers, priests

belly - grows crops and protects the cows

2 42. What are the 4 aśramas?

- a. brahmacari, grhastha, vanaprastha, sannyasa
- b. guru-kula, guru, yoga, house
- c. mother, father, 2 children

- 2 43. What does aśrama here refer to?
- someone's house
 - the guru-kula
 - spiritual orders of life
- 4 44. Match the following: (Draw a line to the one that matches)
- | | |
|----------------|----------------------------------|
| a. brahmacari | householder |
| b. grhastha | renounced - gives up family life |
| c. vanaprastha | celibate, not married |
| d. sannyasa | retired, preparing for sannyasa |
- 2 45. A Vaisnava is:
- someone who visits the temple
 - a little boy
 - a devotee of the Lord
- 2 46. True or false: A sudra cannot be a Vaisnava.
- T
- F
- 2 47. True or false: A brahmana is better than a sudra.
- T
- F
- 2 48. What does it mean to be in maya?
- to be forgetful of Kṛṣṇa
 - to always remember Kṛṣṇa
 - to be Kṛṣṇa's friend
- 2 49. Who is the husband of the Goddess of Fortune? **BONUS!**
- Keśava
 - Madhava
 - Kṛṣṇa
- 2 50. Who was Kṛṣṇa's first disciple? **BONUS!**
- Vyasa
 - Brahma
 - Narada

51. What is the name of the Vaisnava month? *BONUS!*

- a. Padmanabha
- b. Damodara
- c. Keśava

52. The name of the chapter we are studying is: *BONUS!*

- a. The Contents of the Gita Summarized
- b. Observing the Armies on the Battlefield of Kuruksetra
- c. Opulence of the Absolute

53. Who is the object of pleasure for the cows and senses? *BONUS!*

- a. Madhava
- b. Gopal
- c. Govinda

54. True or false: We are these material bodies. *BONUS!*

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F

Hare Kṛṣṇa Hare Kṛṣṇa Kṛṣṇa Kṛṣṇa Hare Hare
Hare Rāma Hare Rāma Rāma Rāma Hare Hare