

4

1. What is the name of the 6th chapter of Bhagavad-gita? Give a brief summary of this chapter so far explaining the yoga process Krsna first recommends and then what Arjuna says.

Dhyana-yoga Astanga yoga sitting w/ head erect, staring at tip of nose, eyes half open, kusa grass, deer skin, etc. mind flickering + unsteady, system impractical, unendurable

27 pts. 2. What are the 9 processes of devotional service? Give the Sanskrit and English. Also state who became perfect by following that particular process.

śrāvanam - hearing - M. Parikṣit

kīrtanam - chanting - Śukadeva Gos.

viśṇu-smaranam - remembering - Prahlad

pada-sevanam - serving lotus feet - Lakṣmi

arcānam - worship - King Pr.thu

vandanam - offering prayers - Akṛura

daśyam - servant - Hanumaṅ

sakīyam - friend - Arjuna

atma-nivedanam - surrendering

everything - Bala

M.

all - M. Ambariṣa

12 pts. 3. Varānasrama is the social order of society. The 4 varnas are (list Sanskrit and English) Give a brief description of each. Name the particular part of the body it relates to.

brahmana - head of Society, teach, preach, guide Society + ksatriyas

ksatriya - arms - warriors, administrators, protect Society

vaishya - belly - mercantile, agriculture, protects cows

śūdra - legs - serve all others

8 pts. The 4 asramas are (list Sanskrit and English) Give a brief description of each.

Brahmacari - celibate student

gṛhastha - householder

vanaprastha - retired

sannyasa - renounced

1 4. Why are we suffering in this world?

forgetting our eternal relationship w/ Kṛṣṇa
we want to enjoy separately from Kṛṣṇa

1 5. How can one become happy?

by engaging in devo. service

4 6. What are the 4 defects of the conditioned soul?

imperfect senses

makes mistakes

tendency to cheat

illusioned

1 7. Why is there no need of sunlight, moonlight or electricity in the spiritual sky?

Brahmajyoti illuminates the sp. sky

4 8. What are the 4 regulative principles?

no meat, fish, eggs
no intoxication
no illicit sex
no gambling

4 9. What does satcitananda vigraha mean?

the form of the hood that is ^{eternal} full of knowledge,
full of bliss

1 10. How can someone go to other planets?

worship that denigod

1 11. What is the topmost spiritual planet?

Goloka Vrndavana

4 12. What 4 problems are there for everyone in the material world?

birth
death
old age
disease

2 13. This material world is described as a tree w/ its roots up and
branches down - perverted reflection of sp. world.

1 14. The first step in self-realization is to understand we aren't these bodies.

1 15. One can give up attachment to this material body only through devo. service.

1 16. How can someone go back to the spiritual world? by remembering Krishna
at time of death

1 17. This material universe is 1/4 of the Lord's creation.

1 18. The Vedic histories are called the Puranas.

1 19. The Bhagavad-gita is in which literature? MahaBharata

1 20. Krsna says to Arjuna that all he doesn't have to worry about doing his duty, but he should at least think of Him. T (F)

2 21. Briefly tell the story about the sparrow and her eggs. What point does this illustrate which is the key to success in Krsna consciousness?

story . . .

endeavoring w/ determination

1 22. What must we do in order to learn about transcendental knowledge?
accept bonafide sp. mstr.

4 23. Name the 1st 4 persons in the disciplic succession.

Krsna
Brahma
Narada
Vyasa

4 24. Who is Srila Prabhupada's spiritual master? His spiritual master? His spiritual master? His spiritual master?

S. Bhaktisiddhanta Jagannath dasa Babaji
S. Gaura Kishore
S. Bhaktivinoda T.

2 25. A yogi is he who does not eat too much, eat too little,
sleep too much, sleep too little (6.16)

1 26. The dearest servant of the Lord is he who preaches His glories
_____ (6.16)

2 27. What are the 2 energies of the Lord and which one are we? sp. mat.

1 28. The yogi sees equally because he sees everyone as servants of Krsna.

2

29. The nature of the mind is flickering, unsteady.

For an extra point, give the Sanskrit meaning. cancala

1

30. Yoga means to link w/ the Supreme.

2

31. The mind is our friend or our enemy.

3

32. What are the 3 phases of the Absolute?

Brahman

Paramatma

Sup. Per. of Godhead Bhagavan

1

33. A Krsna conscious person knows that everything belongs to Krsna

and is therefore free from possessiveness.

1

34. One must avoid sense gratification of which sex life is the chief.

1

35. The transcendentalist's mind which is self-controlled is compared to a lamp in a windless place.

1

36. The key to making advancement in Krsna consciousness is controlling the senses.

1

37. Devotees are the friends of everyone because they engage in the highest welfare work.

13

38. Explain why it is important that we participate in these dinner programs.