

- d. resourcefulness
- e. courage in battle
- f. generosity
- g. leadership

6. <sup>③</sup> What are the three activities of the vaisyas?

- a. farming
- b. cow protection
- c. business

7. <sup>①</sup> What is the activity of the sudras?

labor and service to others

8. <sup>③</sup> How does Krishna describe a person who is transcendently situated?

One who is thus transcendently situated at once realizes the Supreme Brahman and becomes fully joyful. He never laments or desires to have anything. He is equally disposed toward every living entity. In that state he attains pure devotional service.

9. How does Krishna say one can understand Him?

<sup>②</sup> One can understand Me as I am, as the Supreme Personality of Godhead, only by devotional service. And when one is in full consciousness of Me by such devotion, he can enter into the kingdom of God.

10. Recite 3 verses in sanskrit.

<sup>⑥</sup>



39Bhagavad-gita Test - Ch. 18

1. <sup>①</sup> What is the title of this chapter?  
The Perfection of Renunciation
2. <sup>⑤</sup> List the five factors of action:
  - a. place of action (body)
  - b. the performer
  - c. the various senses
  - d. different kinds of endeavor
  - e. the supersoul
3. <sup>②</sup> What two things does Krishna say about someone who thinks himself the only doer?
  - a. He is not very intelligent.
  - b. He cannot see things as they are
4. <sup>⑨</sup> What are the nine brahminical qualities?
  - a. peacefulness
  - b. self-control
  - c. austerity
  - d. purity
  - e. tolerance
  - f. honesty
  - g. knowledge
  - h. wisdom
  - i. religiousness
5. <sup>⑦</sup> What are the seven ksatriya qualities?
  - a. heroism
  - b. power
  - c. determination